Checklist for Application for Transfer of Property under s601AF

IMPORTANT INFORMATION FOR APPLICANTS PLEASE READ CAREFULLY BEFORE STARTING YOUR APPLICATION

Timeframes

ASIC usually makes a decision within **60 days of receipt of all requested materials**. You need to take this timeframe into account and if necessary, re-schedule any transactions (e.g. settlement dates) to include this 60 day period. Delays occur when incomplete applications are submitted.

Please allow at least 30 days before enquiring about the progress of your application.

General Information

ASIC generally exercises its powers under the Act to deal with vested property as a last resort. If another remedy (e.g. ASIC reinstatement or State/Territory legislative provisions) is unavailable, then you may apply for ASIC to deal with the property. The cost of alternative remedies by itself is not a sufficient basis for ASIC to exercise its powers to deal with property.

Applications are considered by ASIC on a case-by-case basis and there is no guarantee the application will be successful. If ASIC requires information or material in addition to those stated in this Checklist, ASIC will advise you and allow you an opportunity to provide that information.

ASIC will not consider an application until all requirements have been satisfied. You should therefore read this Checklist very carefully and ensure you have completed it properly before submitting your application. This will minimise inconvenience and delay in receiving a decision on your application. ASIC can assist if you have any questions about the requirements. However, you need to engage a solicitor if you require legal advice.

Application Fee

A statutory fee of \$934 is payable to ASIC by EFT payment. This fee is required by law and payable regardless of whether the application is approved or not. Applications will not be considered until this fee is paid. EFT payment details will be provided to you once a complete application is submitted to ASIC and a case officer confirms it is in order to proceed.

Please note this is a non-refundable fee, therefore applicants should give thorough consideration (obtaining independent legal advice as appropriate) whether all requirements the checklist have been satisfied before paying the application fee.

Urgent applications

In very limited situations ASIC may consider the assessment of an application on an urgent basis (i.e. within a specific and shorter timeframe). However, ASIC will only do so in exceptional circumstances because this would give the urgent application priority over other applications lodged in a timely manner.

Applicants must therefore clearly demonstrate that the urgency results from factors beyond their reasonable control, that they could not have reasonably foreseen. <u>Settlement of a contract is not a sufficient basis for urgent consideration.</u>

APPLICANT DETAILS		
Full name (if a company, include ACN):		
Ph:	Email:	
Postal address:		

1.	I have read and understood the above section called "IMPORTANT INFORMATION FOR APPLICANTS"		
	No $\ \square$ then do not proceed any further until you have read the important information above		
	Yes		
2.	DEREGISTERED COMPANY DETAILS		
	TE: You can obtain relevant company details by purchasing an historical company extract via <u>asic.gov.au</u> . If that does not reveal the necessary prmation (e.g. due to the age of deregistration), then you need to enquire with the relevant State/Territory Archives Department.		
a.	Name of deregistered company:		
b.	ACN of deregistered company: c. Date of deregistration:		
d.	Are you eligible to apply for ASIC reinstatement?		
NOTE: In many cases ASIC reinstatement will be more cost-effective and/or easier. Information about applications for ASIC reinstatement including a calculator to estimate the cost, can be obtained online: asic.gov.au/for-business/closing-your-company/reinstating-a-deregistered-company/applying-to-asic-for-reinstatement/ . Contact ASIC's Registry Services team via asic.gov.au/question or ph: 1300 300 630 if you have any questions about reinstatement.			
	No		
	Yes		
3.	PROPERTY DETAILS		
ls t	the property real property (i.e. land)?		
	No ☐ then proceed to Requirement 5 Yes ☐ then proceed to Requirement 4		
4.	LAND TITLES REMEDY		
pov ASII in d pos	TE: In some jurisdictions it might not be necessary for a transfer of real property to be executed by ASIC as the Titles Office Registrar may have ver to register the property in another party's name despite the company's deregistration (e.g. adverse possession/possessory title provisions). C (including ASIC on behalf of the Commonwealth) has no objection to Titles Office Registrars exercising any of their powers to register property another party's name, without ASIC's execution of a transfer. If required by the Titles Office, ASIC can provide you with a letter confirming its ition. If such a power is available then it may be cheaper and more convenient for you than applying to ASIC for a transfer of property. Therefore, a must have tried using such a remedy before applying to ASIC for a transfer.		
Have you checked the relevant State/Territory legislation and/or enquired at the relevant Titles Office as to whether there is a remedy/power for the Titles Office to register the new owner without ASIC's execution of a Transfer form?			
No	\square then do not proceed further until you have confirmed that no remedy exists under State/Territory legislation		
Yes	however there is no remedy under State/Territory legislation, then proceed to Requirement 5		
	SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS		
Ha	ve you attached a copy, not the original, of all the following?		
a.	Reason from ASIC's Registry Services team why ASIC reinstatement is not available		
	No $\ \square$ then do not proceed any further until reason obtained		
	Yes then proceed to Requirement 5b		
b.	Recent proof of ownership of the property in the company's name e.g. title search and rates notice (for land), issuer holding statement (for publicly listed shares), extract of the share register (for shares in a pty ltd or unlisted public company), IP Australia registration (for trade marks), etc. NOTE: The document must be no older than 3 months		
	No $\ \square$ then do not proceed any further until document obtained		
	Yes then proceed to Requirement 5c		
c.	Proof of the obligation to transfer the property e.g. contract of sale/assignment executed by the company before deregistration, minutes of company meeting recording the transaction, etc.		
	No $\ \square$ then explain why in your statutory declaration (at Requirement 6) and proceed to Requirement 5d		
	Yes then proceed to Requirement 5d		

d.	Any security or restriction registered over the property e.g. mortgage, caveat, etc. NOTE: This appears on title searches for real property
	No $\ \square$ then if land, do not proceed any further until document obtained from the relevant Titles Office
	N/A then explain why in your statutory declaration (at Requirement 6) e.g. no security/restriction registered on title, or Titles Office unable to provide a copy due to age, etc., and proceed to Requirement 5e
	Yes 🗆 then proceed to Requirement 5e
e.	2 x Personal Property Security Register (PPSR) grantor searches (i.e. one by deregistered company name and one by its ACN) showing whether any security interests are registered over the company NOTE: For any information about PPSR searches, visit ppsr.gov.au or ph: 1300 007 777
	No
	Yes
f.	Written consent of any party who holds a registered security over the property (as referred to in Requirement 5d above) or over the company (as referred to in Requirement 5e above)
	No then attach to your statutory declaration, all correspondence sent to those parties (seeking their consent) and outline in that statutory declaration all your attempts to contact those parties (at Requirement 6) and proceed to Requirement 5g
	N/A because no parties with a registered interest over the property/company, then proceed to Requirement 5g
	Yes then proceed to Requirement 5g
g.	 Written confirmation by the company's former liquidator (or former director if there was no liquidator): about their knowledge of the property the company if it still existed would be bound to transfer the property to the nominated transferee and they have no objection to ASIC transferring the property on the company's behalf to the transferee.
	NOTE: Former liquidator or director details can be obtained purchasing an historical company extract via <u>asic.gov.au</u>
	No \Box then outline in your statutory declaration (at Requirement 6) all your attempts to obtain their written confirmation and attach all correspondence sent
	Yes ☐ then proceed to Requirement 6
6.	COMMONWEALTH STATUTORY DECLARATION
a.	Is your statutory declaration a Commonwealth declaration?
	No \Box then do not proceed any further until you have downloaded a template for a Commonwealth statutory declaration from the Australian Attorney-General's Department at <u>ag.gov.au</u>
	Yes then proceed to Requirement 6b
b.	Does your statutory declaration specifically:
	 identify the deregistered company and its ACN explain why ASIC reinstatement is not available
	2) explain why ASIC reinstatement is not available3) confirm the company owned the property beneficially and not on trust for another party
	4) explain (to the best of your knowledge) the circumstances leading to deregistration and why the property was
	not transferred to the transferee prior to deregistration 5) explain the nature of the obligation of the company at the date of its deregistration to transfer the property to
	the transferee
	 6) confirm there are no remedies available at the Titles Office directly and the Titles Office requires a Transfer executed by ASIC and attach a copy of relevant advice from the Titles Office (where applicable) 7) state who is in possession of the original certificate of title (if the property is land)
	8) provide the reason if any documents listed in Requirement 5a - 5g above are not attached
	9) confirm either there are no outstanding creditors of the company, or that the secured parties consent to the transfer and attach their written consents (see Requirements 5d - 5f)
	10) show clearly that the urgency results from factors beyond your reasonable control that you could not have
	reasonably foreseen (if claiming your application is urgent).

•	oceed any further until you have amended your statutory declaration to address all the above applicable (otherwise another statutory declaration may be required)			
Yes \square then proceed to	Requirement 7			
7. INDEMNITY				
	SIC against claims brought against ASIC due to it transferring the property. If the applicant (or transferee) is a signed by each of the directors in their personal capacity and by the company either under its seal or according to			
Have you fully completed and attached the indemnity signed by the applicant and the transferee (if the transferee is not the applicant)?				
•	roceed any further until you have downloaded and completed the indemnity "Transfer – 'from <u>asic.gov.au</u>			
Yes then proceed to	Requirement 8			
8. APPLICATION FEE				
NOTE: This fee is required by law and payable regardless of whether the application is approved or not. Applications will not be considered until this fee is paid. This fee may increase on 1 July each year. Applications received from 1 July each year are subject to the new fee.				
Have you received account details and EFT payment instruction to pay the application fee of \$934? No please submit your application. A case officer will provide further instructions on payment once a complete application is submitted to ASIC				
	by EFT transfer as instructed. Please provide a copy of the EFT receipt to ASIC as evidence of			
9. TRANSFER FORM	opy of receipt/screenshot of bank transfer)			
NOTE: If the application is successful then ASIC will execute and return the original Transfer. The applicant is responsible for lodger Transfer and payment of any registration/lodgement fees, any stamp duty or other associated costs.				
a. Have you correctly inse	rted in the original Transfer form the following representative and sealing clauses:			
Representative clause: (i.e. description/name of transferor)	"The Australian Securities and Investments Commission acting under s601AF of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> on behalf of [<i>insert name and ACN of deregistered company</i>], a company deregistered on [<i>insert date of deregistration</i>]."			
Sealing clause: (i.e. where transferor signs)	"The Common Seal of the Australian Securities and Investments Commission is affixed on behalf of [insert name and ACN of deregistered company] under s601AF of the Corporations Act 2001.			
	An Authorised Officer of the Australian Securities and Investments Commission			
	Witness:			
	Solicitor, ASIC Level 20 Commonwealth Bank Building			
	240 Queen Street, BRISBANE QLD 4001"			
No ☐ then do not pro	oceed further until both those clauses are inserted properly on the Transfer			
Yes \square then proceed to	Requirement 9b			
b. Have you enclosed an express-post envelope?				
No $\ \square$ I would like the	executed Transfer to be returned by regular/standard post			
Yes $\ \square$ I would like the executed Transfer returned via a faster postal method				
c. Have you enclosed an express-post envelope?				
No ☐ I would like the executed Transfer to be returned by regular/standard post				
Yes 🗌 I would like the	executed Transfer returned via a faster postal method			
You are now ready to subr	nit your application			

HOW TO SUBMIT YOUR APPLICATION

ASIC prefers to receive documents in digital format (i.e. PDF) except for the original Transfer form which requires ASIC to affix its seal and the application fee.

Please post the original Transfer form, application fee and if applicable, an express-post envelope to:

ASIC Property Law Group GPO Box 9827 MELBOURNE VIC 3001

Attach all other materials to this Checklist and email to property.law@asic.gov.au. If we require the original of a document previously received electronically, we will advise you.

Please direct any initial questions to property.law@asic.gov.au or ph: 1300 300 630.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR APPLICANTS

A) If the property being transferred is land and the certificate of title is lost

If the certificate of title is lost or missing, you should contact the relevant State/Territory Titles Office for assistance.

In some jurisdictions the Titles Office may require you to make an application for the issue of a substitute/replacement title. If necessary, you can request ASIC prepare a statutory declaration confirming that ASIC does not hold the certificate of title and has no knowledge of its whereabouts. If the Titles Office also requires ASIC's execution of an Application for Substitute/Replacement Title form then you should submit that together with the Transfer form (as per Requirement 9). The representative and sealing clauses as stated in Requirement 9 should also be correctly inserted in the appropriate places on the Application for Substitute/Replacement Title form.

B) Obligations go with the transfer

Any obligations attached to the property such as outstanding body corporate/owners corporation fees, rates, taxes or other charges, will be transferred with the property. ASIC will not accept any responsibility for such obligations, regardless of when they were incurred. The onus is on you to make thorough and comprehensive searches regarding such matters.